

have landed. In the past few years, however, there has been a great increase in the percentage of immigrants arriving at the port of Halifax. This would appear to be due to increasing immigration in the early spring months before the St. Lawrence is open for traffic. Figures for recent years are given in Table 9.

9.—Immigrants arriving in Canada, by Chief Ports of Arrival, fiscal years ended Mar. 31, 1923-31.

Port.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.	1931.
Quebec.....	59,572	40,963	63,792	64,892	74,653	70,688	34,114
Saint John.....	9,501	12,245	16,889	14,176	13,046	14,631	5,793
Halifax.....	21,965	20,490	37,677	43,072	44,936	42,584	20,809
North Sydney.....	1,085	435	712	832	1,173	1,176	538
Sydney.....	72	5	89	7	15	17	15
Montreal.....	200	144	192	272	340	516	218
Vancouver.....	1,144	1,333	1,220	1,386	1,115	1,038	791
Victoria.....	459	361	513	475	422	229	232
New York.....	1,452	1,163	1,403	1,641	1,397	1,607	1,386
Boston.....	51	26	47	218	16	23	6
Other ports.....	43	121	433	119	49	52	41
From the United States.....	15,818	18,778	21,025	25,007	30,560	30,727	24,280
Totals.....	111,362	96,064	143,991	151,597	167,722	163,288	88,223

Destinations of Immigrants.—The immediate destinations of the immigrants arriving in Canada are given for the period from 1901 to 1931 in Table 10, which may be compared with the census tables on pp. 91 and 92 showing the increase of population in the decades between 1901 and 1931.

While immigration to the Maritime Provinces during the first thirty years of the twentieth century was comparatively small, totalling 204,981, that to Quebec and Ontario was very large. From 1905 to 1928 Ontario received a larger number of immigrants annually than any other province of the Dominion, while Manitoba was usually second in this respect. In 1929 immigration to Manitoba exceeded that to Ontario by 10,000 persons, but in 1930 and 1931 the positions were again reversed. The immigration to Eastern Canada (Maritime Provinces, Quebec and Ontario) has almost equalled that to Western Canada (Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia) in the 31-year period.

10.—Destinations of Immigrants into Canada, by Provinces, fiscal years ended June 30, 1901-06, and Mar. 31, 1907-31.

Fiscal Year.	Maritime Provinces.	Quebec.	Ontario.	Manitoba.	Saskatchewan.	Alberta.	British Columbia and Yukon Territory.	Not Shown.	Total.
1901.....	2,144	10,216	6,208	11,254	14,160	2,600	2,567	49,149	
1902.....	2,312	8,817	9,798	17,422	22,199	3,483	3,348	67,379	
1903.....	5,821	17,040	14,854	39,535	43,898	5,378	1,838	129,364	
1904.....	5,448	20,222	21,266	34,911	40,397	6,994	1,093	130,331	
1905.....	4,128	23,606	35,811	35,387	39,289	6,008	1,977	145,266	
1906.....	6,381	26,212	52,746	36,648	28,728	26,177	12,496	189,084	
1907 (9 mos.).....	6,510	18,319	32,654	20,273	15,307	17,559	13,650	124,667	
1908.....	10,360	44,157	75,133	39,789	30,590	31,477	36,768	262,469	
1909.....	6,517	19,733	29,265	19,702	22,146	27,651	21,862	146,908	
1910.....	10,644	28,524	46,129	21,049	29,318	42,509	30,721	208,794	
1911.....	13,236	42,914	80,035	34,653	40,763	44,782	54,701	311,084	
1912.....	15,973	50,602	100,227	43,477	46,158	45,957	51,843	354,237	
1913.....	19,806	64,835	122,798	43,813	45,147	49,073	57,960	402,432	
1914.....	16,730	80,368	123,792	41,640	40,999	43,741	37,608	384,878	
1915.....	11,104	31,053	44,873	13,196	18,173	18,263	10,127	144,759	
1916.....	5,981	8,274	14,743	3,487	6,001	7,215	2,836	48,537	
1917.....	5,710	10,930	26,078	5,247	9,874	12,418	5,117	75,374	
1918.....	5,247	9,059	23,754	6,252	12,382	16,821	5,559	78,074	